

## Viti E Vitigne Toscane

Native Wine Grapes of Italy Univ of California Press

This book tells the story of the ancient land named Chianti and the modern wine appellation known as Chianti Classico. In 1716, Tuscany's penultimate Medici ruler, Cosimo III, anointed the region of Chianti, along with three smaller areas in the Florentine State, as the world's first legal appellations of origin for wine. In the succeeding centuries, this milestone was all but forgotten. By the late nineteenth century, the name Chianti, rather than signifying this historic region and its celebrated wine, identified a simple Italian red table wine in a straw-covered flask. In the twenty-first century, Chianti Classico emerged as one of Italy's most dynamic and fashionable wine zones. Chianti Classico relates the fascinating evolution of Chianti as a wine region and reveals its geographic and cultural complexity. Bill Nesto, MW, and Frances Di Savino explore the townships of Chianti Classico and introduce readers to the modern-day winegrowers who are helping to transform the region. The secrets of Sangiovese, the principal vine variety of Chianti, are also revealed as the book unlocks the myths and mysteries of one of Italy's most storied wine regions. The publication of Chianti Classico coincides with the three hundredth anniversary of the Medici decree delimiting the region of Chianti on September 24, 1716.

David L. Thurmond's From Vines to Wines in Classical Rome is the first general handbook on winemaking in Rome in over 100 years.

Accoglie i risultati degli studi condotti nell'ambito di tre progetti (Progetto VINUM, Progetto ArcheoVino, Progetto Senarum Vineae) ai quali hanno partecipato, per un confronto sul tema della viticoltura e della produzione del vino, rappresentanti di varie discipline, quali la storia, l'archeologia, la botanica, la storia della tecnologia, la biologia molecolare. I vari interventi ricostruiscono una storia della coltivazione della vite e dell'enologia nel bacino del Mediterraneo e di tutte le attività ad esse connesse, non ultimo l'uso culturale del vino, con indagini più articolate per le aree toscane e laziali e apportano elementi utili ad approfondire l'evoluzione storica del paesaggio e delle singole componenti dell'ambiente.

Mountainous terrain, volcanic soils, innumerable microclimates, and an ancient culture of winemaking influenced by Greeks, Phoenicians, and Romans make Italy the most diverse country in the world of wine. This diversity is reflected in the fact that Italy grows the largest number of native wine grapes known, amounting to more than a quarter of the world's commercial wine grape types. Ian D'Agata spent thirteen years interviewing producers, walking vineyards, studying available research, and tasting wines to create this authoritative guide to Italy's native grapes and their wines. Writing with great enthusiasm and deep knowledge, D'Agata discusses more than five hundred different native Italian grape varieties, from Aglianico to Zibibbo. D'Agata provides details about how wine grapes are identified and classified, what clones are available, which soils are ideal, and what genetic evidence tells us about a variety's parentage. He gives historical and anecdotal accounts of each grape variety and describes the characteristics of wines made from the grape. A regional list of varieties and a list of the best producers provide additional guidance. Comprehensive, thoroughly researched, and engaging, this book is the perfect companion for anyone who wants to know more about the vast enological treasures cultivated in Italy.

Il volume delle Notizie presenta le ricerche archeologiche della Soprintendenza o date in concessione a cooperative private che operano nel campo dell'archeologia provenienti da tutta la regione Toscana, sia su progetti già avviati sia sulle nuove ricerche. Le schede, con una carta iniziale dove sono segnati i siti oggetto di studio, sono divise per province e contengono anche notizie sugli eventi, mostre, incontri di studio, attività didattiche ecc. che hanno avuto luogo nel 2015.

The study examines the evolution and linguistic history of some 165 Italian terms for different vines and wines. Proceeding on the assumption that the culture-historical significance of wines and vines is only poorly reflected both in the vocabulary of standard Italian and of many Italian dialects, the author draws on a broad variety of sources to substantiate the existence of these proper names as far back as the 12th century and proceeds contextually in proposing etymologies hitherto either unknown or considered uncertain. The description of the historical development of these terms demonstrates that a number of proper names is still restricted to specific idioms and that it is both necessary and desirable for this sub-lexicon to be integrated more firmly if this legacy is not to be lost for good in the medium term. The corpus the study is based on is also designed as an encouragement and potential basis for a comprehensive description of wine and vine names in Italian.

Oltre 150 schede dedicate a più di 250 vini: proprietà organolettiche, storia, abbinamenti gastronomici. 350 fotografie a colori e 30 cartine delle località di produzione.

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