

El Informe Del Dr Castillo A Su Cliente Petra Schneider Notas Explicativas De Lic Carlos Roberto Lora A Quira3s Spanish Edition

Presenting and interrogating an array of texts and discourses, this collection brings into focus a broad range of topics whose common denominator is the intersection between cultural productions and politics in different moments of the history of Latin America and Spain. From the struggles of class distinction, identity and community in 19th and 20th century and contemporary Latin America as explored in photography, literature and film, to how political and sexual transgressions from medieval times to the present are portrayed in Hispanic literature, and the ways that canonical and non-canonical texts in Spain have been defying hegemonic power relations in the 20th century and beyond. This volume provides fresh approaches from well-established scholars, as well as from a new generation of researchers whose works enlighten the reader about the rich facets of such intersections. This publication also offers a background to pursue further research in these areas and to serve the general public interested in Latin American and Spanish literary and cultural studies, and those seeking a greater understanding of social and economic change in both Latin America and Spain: specifically, issues of inclusion and citizenship; the constraints on state power in the neoliberal era; the strategies used by texts to create subjects that are not bound to conventional identity formations; and the challenges and possibilities of subverting the gaze of the institutional spectator.

This edited volume focuses on the funerary archaeology of the Pan-Andean area in the pre-Hispanic period. The contributors examine the treatment of the dead and provide an understanding of how these ancient groups coped with mortality, as well as the ways in which they strove to overcome the effects of death. The contributors also present previously unpublished discoveries and employ a range of academic and analytical approaches that have rarely - if ever - been utilised in South America before. The book covers the Formative Period to the end of the Inca Empire, and the chapters together comprise a state-of-the-art summary of all the best research on Andean funerary archaeology currently being carried out around the globe.

This book is a collection of more than thirty essays by renowned scholars, historians, journalists, and media professionals that portray the experience of Cubans exiled in the United States and other countries in the last sixty years.

With unprecedented use of local and national sources, Lauria-Santiago presents a more complex portrait of El Salvador than has ever been ventured before. Using thoroughly researched regional case studies, Lauria-Santiago challenges the accepted vision of Central America in the nineteenth century and critiques the "liberal oligarchic hegemony" model of El Salvador. He reveals the existence of a diverse, commercially active peasantry that was deeply involved with local and national networks of power.

Although most discussions of the Guatemalan "revolution" of 1944-54 focus on international and national politics, Revolution in the Countryside presents a more complex and integrated picture of this decade. Jim Handy examines the rural poor, both M

Un nuevo libro del Grupo de Estudios de Asociacionismo y Sociabilidad (GEAS). En este caso en colaboración con un buen número de profesores de diferentes universidades españolas. Recoge la mayoría de las intervenciones que se presentaron en tres cursos desarrollados en la Universidad de Castilla-La Mancha bajo el título de Movimientos sociales en la España contemporánea. La fórmula utilizada en los cursos fue realmente original y pionera pues estuvo basada en el sistema de videoconferencia. Las intervenciones de los ponentes en los campus de Albacete, Ciudad Real, Cuenca o Toledo pudieron seguirse desde el resto de las sedes universitarias, siendo posible también la discusión y el debate gracias al sistema antes citado. En el libro se presenta una visión de lo que se denominan nuevos movimientos sociales, en contraposición a los viejos. Esa división sirve para estructurar el libro, de manera que la primera parte se dedica a los viejos, con el título de Movimientos sociales y Estado liberal, y la segunda a los nuevos movimientos sociales. En la tercera, resultado de la vertiente regional que también tuvieron los cursos, se agrupan una serie de trabajos con el título de Castilla-La Mancha: agricultura y sociedad en la época contemporánea.

Appendix to the Case of the United States of America on Behalf of the Orinoco Steamship Company Against the United States of VenezuelaThe Case of the United States of America, on Behalf of the Orinoco Steamship Company, Against the United States of VenezuelaProceedings of the ... ConferenceActas de la Segunda Asamblea General Celebrada en Washington Del 14 Al 19 de Oct.de 1935Current List of Medical LiteratureConference SeriesProceedings of the Second General Assembly, Held at Washington, October 14-19, 1935Diario de sesiones de la Cámara de DiputadosFunerary Practices and Models in the Ancient AndesCambridge University Press Arturo J.Cruz, Jr argues that political learning, trust-building, and institutional innovation by political elites broke Nicaragua's post-colonial cycle of anarchy and petty despotism, leaving in its place an increasingly inclusive oligarchic democracy that made possible state-led economic development for the next thirty years. Subsequent economic development gave rise to new social groups and localist power centres that remained politically disparate, and in turn forged an outsiders' coalition to bring down the Republic.

When Porfirio Díaz extended his modernization initiative in Mexico to the administration of public welfare, the families and especially the children of the urban poor became a government concern. Reforming the poor through work and by bolstering Mexico's emerging middle class were central to the government's goals of order and progress. But Porfirian policies linking families and work often endangered the children they were supposed to protect, especially when state welfare institutions became involved in the shadowy traffic of child labor. The Mexican Revolution, which followed, generated an unprecedented surge of social reform that was focused on families and accelerated the integration of child protection into public policy, political discourse, and private life. In ways that transcended the abrupt discontinuities and conflicts of the era, Porfirian officials, revolutionary leaders, and social reformers alike invoked idealized models of the Mexican family as the primary building block of society, making families, especially those of Mexico's working classes, the object of moralizing reform in the name of state construction and national progress. Domestic Economies: Family, Work, and Welfare in Mexico City, 1884-1943 analyzes family practices and class formation in modern Mexico by examining the ways in which family-oriented public policies and institutions affected cross-class interactions as well as relations between parents and children.

This special volume is the output of the 'International Symposium on New Microbiotests for Routine Toxicity Screening and Biomonitoring - Development - Applications - Cost-effectiveness' which was organized in June 1998 in Brno, Czech Republic. It comprises 60 original and peer-reviewed papers selected from over 100 oral and poster presentations given during this meeting by scientists from many countries worldwide. Features: Latest overview and state of the art of

microscale bioassays with special emphasis on their application in various domains of environmental contamination; Reviews on toxicity testing with microbiotests in a regulatory framework; Description and application of microbiotests with lethal and sublethal test criteria, and of their sensitivity in comparison with conventional bioassays; Detailed reports on investigations with small-scale toxicity tests on natural waters, wastes, contaminated air, soils and sediments, specific chemicals and biotoxins; Application of new microbiotests for mutagenicity and genotoxicity screening; Critical evaluation of the potential of specific microbiotests as alternatives to conventional toxicity tests.

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